

Multimodal Approaches to using Big Data in Oral Health Services Research

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In This Presentation



- University of Iowa Public Policy Center (PPC)
- Health services research and use of multimodal research
- Oral health services and use of multimodal research
- Example of oral health services research
 - Iowa Dental Wellness Plan evaluation

Public Policy Center Research Programs (PPC) THE LINIVERSITY OF IOWA

- 1. Transportation and Vehicle Safety
- 2. Health
- 3. Social and Education
- 4. Politics and Policy
- 5. Environmental
- 6. Iowa Social Science Research Center



Health Services/Policy Research



Study of the health care system

- Access to care
- Quality of care
- Costs of care

Multimodal (Mixed Methods) Approach using Big Data



Administrative Data

- Insurance enrollment files
- Claims/encounter data
- Provider data

Surveys

- Consumers, members, patients
- Providers, administrators

Qualitative data

- Interviews
- Focus groups



Each Approach Evaluates Different THE OF IOWA Aspect of the Question

Administrative Data

Factual

Surveys

- Knowledge
- Attitudes
- Experiences

Qualitative data

- Methods development
- Depth of inference





Oral Health Services Research at PPC

Oral Health Services Research Team



Dentist Investigators

- Ray Kuthy
- •Susan McKernan
- •Julie Reynolds
- Astha Singhal
- •Donald Chi

Health Services Researcher

•Elizabeth Momany (Asst. Director)

Behavioral Scientist

Natoshia Askelson

Economists

- •Dan Shane
- Padmaja Ayyagari
- George Wehby

GIS Expert

•Mark Pooley

Oral Health Services Research



- Similar multi-modal approaches and methods
- No diagnosis codes
- Less evidence base for some services

Recent Use of Multimodal Approaches



- 1. Coordinating and Improving Oral Health Workforce Activities in Iowa
 - HRSA-supported
- 2. First Preventive Dental Exam: Disparities in Need, Costs and Behavioral Insights
 - NIH-supported
- 3. Iowa Dental Wellness Plan Evaluation
 - CMS- and Iowa DHS-supported



Iowa Dental Wellness Plan Evaluation

Iowa Health & Wellness Plan



- Medical portion designed to look more like private insurance
 - Began January 1, 2014
 - Includes healthy behavior incentives
- Dental Wellness Plan (DWP)
 - New adult dental benefit for expansion population
 - Began May 1, 2014
 - Administered by Delta Dental of Iowa
 - Mirrors medical insurance with healthy behavior incentives

Role of Multimodal Research in DWP Development



UI PPC Study of IowaCare Program (2013)

- •lowaCare did not have a dental component
- •Key findings:
 - Significant pent-up demand for dental care and lower oral health status among uninsured adults

Chronic Health Conditions of Uninsured

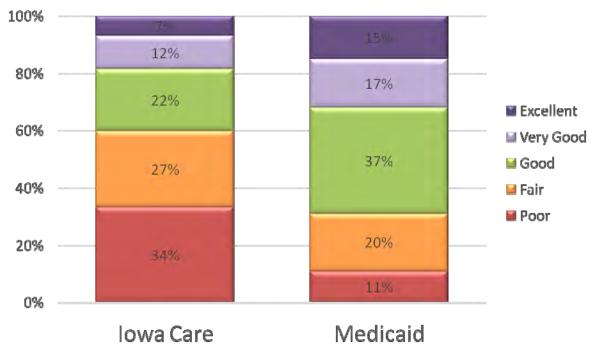


Health conditions lasting >3 months	% reporting
Dental, Tooth or Mouth Problems	39%
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Arthritis, Bone or Joint Problems	36%
Hypertension	34%
Overweight/Obesity	31%
Allergies or Sinus Problems	29%
Indigestion, Heartburn or Ulcers	27%
Migraine Headaches	16%
Bladder or Bowel Problems	15%
Diabetes	15%
Bronchitis, Emphysema, Lung Problems	14%
Heart Problems	11%
Asthma	11%

Source: IowaCare Member survey, 2013

Oral Health Status of Uninsured





Source: IowaCare Member survey, 2013

Dental Wellness Plan (DWP)



- Earned benefits maintained with recalls every 6-12 months
- Dentists encouraged to do an online clinical risk assessment (Previser)
- Reimbursement ~60% higher than Medicaid
- No annual maximum

DWP Earned Benefits Model



Core Services

Available at enrollment

- Diagnostic/Preventive
- $\bullet Emergency$
- Stabilization
- Large restorations near pulp
- Acute periodontal
- Dentures
- · Limited endodontic care

Enhanced Services

After 1st periodic recall

- Restorative
- •Non-surgical periodontal
- Endodontic care

Enhanced Plus Services

After 2nd periodic recall

- Crowns
- Tooth replacements
- Periodontal surgery

Exam must be made in 6-12 months



DWP Evaluation Plan



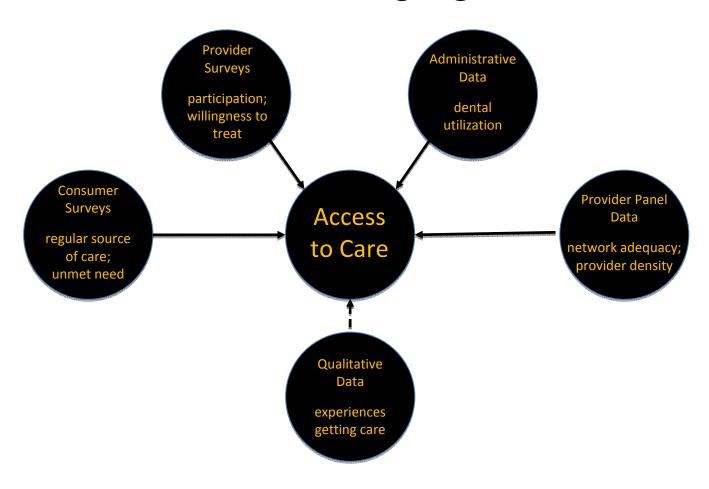
Key Questions for DWP Evaluation



- Access to care
- Quality of and satisfaction with care
- Cost of care
- Provider participation in and attitudes toward program
- Adequacy of provider network
- Outreach and referral services

Multimodal Research using Big Data in Action





Administrative Data



- Medicaid and Delta Dental of Iowa (Commercial) in SQL database
 - Claims/encounter
 - Enrollment
 - Provider
- Medicaid data
 - Past 16 years
- Delta Dental of Iowa
 - Past 10 years
- Statewide dentist tracking system
- Medicare??

Administrative Data



Claims-based outcomes

- DWP vs Medicaid
 - Annual dental visit rate
 - Means tests
 - Pre/post
 - Preventive visit rate by tier
 - Means tests for each tier
 - Time to first visit
 - Survival analyses

Administrative Data



Cost outcomes

- DWP vs Medicaid
 - Incremental cost effectiveness ratios
 - Annual dental visit
 - ED use for non-traumatic dental
 - Dental exams for people with diabetes
 - *Diabetes diagnoses identified from medical claims

Member Surveys



- DWP (n=4800) and Medicaid (n=6000) [new members]
 - Access to care
 - Unmet need
 - Timeliness of appointments
 - Regular source of care
 - Need to change dentists
 - Rating of care
 - Earned benefits model
 - Understanding and satisfaction with

Provider Surveys



Sample

- All private practice dentists in state (n=1400)
- Statewide dentist tracking system

Topics

- Level of participation
- Barriers to participation
- Earned benefits model
 - Understanding and satisfaction with

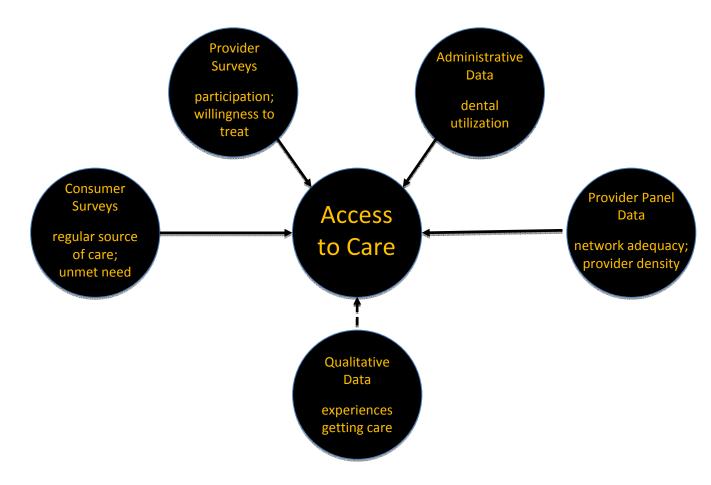
Network Adequacy



- Geographic assessment of the adequacy of the provider network
 - DWP vs Medicaid
 - Active providers (submitted at least one claim)
- Data
 - Administrative claims data
- Distance calculations
 - Private practitioners
 - Safety net

Multimodal Research in Action





Summary: Multimodal Research using Big Data



- Each individual research method has strengths/weaknesses
 - Have had some further strengthen analyses by linking survey and administrative data
- Using multiple approaches allows triangulation of issues/problems
 - Best done if this is considered at the front end of the study
- Ability to synthesize across results allows for better understanding of the nuances of the research findings
 - E.g., causes, implications

Discussion



